COCCIDIA are small protozoans (one-celled organisms) that multiply in the intestinal tracts of dogs and cats. They are most common in puppies and kittens less than six months of age or adult animals that are stressed or have a suppressed immune system.

Young animals are frequently exposed to their mother's feces. If the mother is shedding the infective organisms in her feces, then the young animals will likely ingest them and coccidia will mature within their intestines. Young animals tend to have more severe illness associated with coccidia infection.

The primary sign of an animal suffering from coccidiosis is diarrhea. The diarrhea may be mild to severe depending on the level of infection. Blood and mucous may be present. Severely affected animals may also vomit, lose their appetite, become dehydrated, or worse.

Fortunately, coccidiosis is treatable with prescription drugs such as Albon® and trimethoprim/sulfa that can be found in our online pharmacy. Because these drugs do not kill the organisms, but rather inhibit their reproduction capabilities, elimination of coccidia from the intestine takes time. By stopping the ability of the protozoa to reproduce, time is allowed for the animal's own immunity to develop and remove the organisms. To give your pet's digestive tract a boost while being treated, try our Probiotic Soft Chews or Bene-Bac Pet Gel.