

Is Your Dog Overweight?

Drs. Foster & Smith Educational Staff



WHEN IS A DOG CONSIDERED to be **FAT?**

Veterinarians often use a 9-point scoring system to evaluate the body condition of pets. A point value of 1

means

the dog or cat is extremely thin to the point of emaciation. A score of 9 means the pet is grossly overweight. And, like Goldilocks and the three bears, a score of 5 is "just right." To determine body score, there are several specific areas of the dog or cat we look at. Remember, these are guidelines. A Greyhound with a score of 5 is still going to be thinner than a Bulldog with the same score.

To perform the rating, we first feel the pet's ribs. We should be able to quite easily feel the ribs. There should be a slight amount of fat over them, but each rib should be distinct. If you can see the ribs, the pet is too thin. If you can not feel them at all, the pet is very overweight.

Second, check the area near the base of the tail. There should be a slight fat covering over this area and it should feel smooth. If the bones protrude, the pet is too thin; if you can not feel any bones at all, the pet is very overweight.

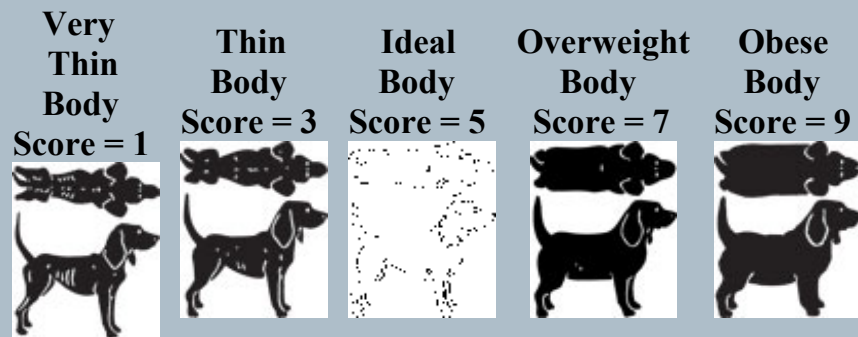
Third, feel other bony prominences on the pet's body such as the spine, shoulders, and hips. Again, you should be able to feel a small amount of fat over these areas. If these bones are easily felt or visible, the dog or cat is too thin. If you can not feel the bones beneath the layer of fat, the animal is obviously overweight.

Fourth, look at your pet from above. The animal should have a definite waist behind the ribs. If the waist is extreme, or again, bony prominences are visible, the animal is too thin. If there is no waist, or worse yet, the area between the ribs and hips is wider than the hips or ribs, the dog or cat is grossly overweight.

Fifth, look at the pet from the side. Dogs and cats should have an abdominal tuck, i.e., the area behind the ribs should be smaller in diameter than the chest. This can vary a lot between breeds. Irish Setters and Greyhounds, for instance, appear to have a much more distinct abdominal tuck, since they are so deep-chested. An animal that is too thin will have a very severe abdominal tuck. Overweight animals will have no abdominal tuck.

If you feel your dog is overweight, consult your veterinarian to determine if there are any other medical problems before starting the animal on a weight reduction program. Your veterinarian can also suggest various diets, how fast your pet should

WHAT IS YOUR DOG'S BODY SCORE?



lose weight, etc.

OUR RECOMMENDATIONS



Nutrition-packed [Meat Fillets](#) are the smart treat choice.



[Drs. Foster & Smith Premium All-Natural Biscuits](#) provide a low in fat, vitamin- and mineral-fortified snack option for overweight dogs.



[Flying Discs](#) are tempting toys that exercise your dog as he runs and jumps for it.