

Is Your Dog Overweight?

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When
is a dog
considered
to be
FAT?



Veterinarians often use a 9-point scoring system to evaluate the body condition of pets. A point value of 1 means the dog or cat is extremely thin to the point of emaciation. A score of 9 means the pet is grossly overweight. And, like Goldilocks and the three bears, a score of 5 is "just right." To determine body score, there are several specific areas of the dog or cat we look at. Remember, these are guidelines. A Greyhound with a score of 5 is still going to appear to be thinner than a Bulldog with the same score.

To perform the rating:

First, feel the pet's ribs. We should be able to quite easily feel the ribs. There should be a slight amount of fat over them, but each rib should be distinct. If you can see the ribs, the pet is too thin. If you cannot feel them at all, the pet is very overweight.

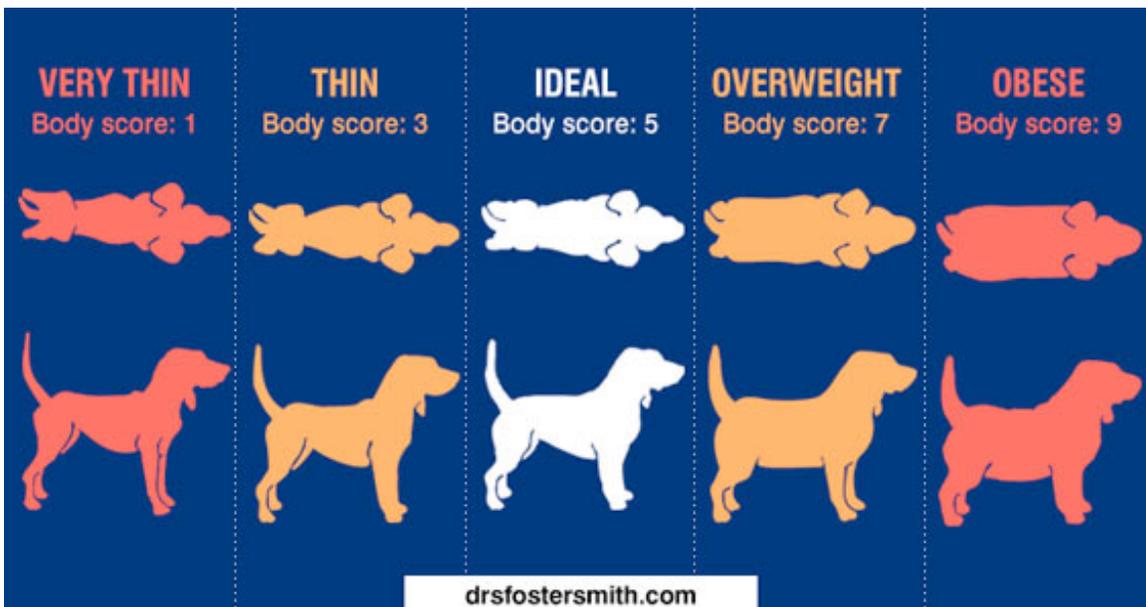
Second, check the area near the base of the tail. There should be a slight fat covering over this area and it should feel smooth. If the bones protrude, the pet is too thin; if you cannot feel any bones at all, the pet is very overweight.

Third, feel other bony prominences on the pet's body such as the spine, shoulders, and hips. Again, you should be able to feel a small amount of fat over these areas. If these bones are easily felt or visible, the dog or cat is too thin. If you cannot feel the bones beneath the layer of fat, the animal is obviously overweight.

Fourth, look at your pet from above. The animal should have a definite waist behind the ribs. If the waist is extreme, or again, bony prominences are visible, the animal is too thin. If there is no waist, or worse yet, the area between the ribs and hips is wider than the hips or ribs, the dog or cat is grossly overweight.

Fifth , look at the pet from the side. Dogs and cats should have an abdominal tuck, i.e., the area behind the ribs should be smaller in circumference than the chest. This can vary a lot between breeds. Irish Setters and Greyhounds, for instance, appear to have a much more distinct abdominal tuck, since they are so deep-chested. An animal that is too thin will have a very severe abdominal tuck. Overweight animals will have no abdominal tuck.

If you feel your dog is overweight, consult your veterinarian to determine if there are any other medical problems before starting the animal on a weight reduction program. Your veterinarian can also suggest various diets, how fast your pet should lose weight, etc.



OUR RECOMMENDATIONS



Drs. Foster & Smith Signature Series® Adult Lite Dog Food, with reduced calories plus L-Carnitine to



Drs. Foster & Smith Premium Natural Biscuit Dog Treats are nutritious and low in fat.



iFetch Interactive Dog Fetch Toy eliminates doggie boredom by providing healthy exercise.



Dorskocil Chuckit! Ball Launchers provides great exercise for your dog.

optimize metabolism
in adult dogs.